LABORATORY MEASUREMENT OF AIRBORNE SOUND INSULATION OF EPS CEMENT LIGHT WEIGHT PANEL TEST REPORT



ARAB CENTER FOR ENGINEERING STUDIES

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♦ ACES Client

: CINI SOLUTIONS FOR BUSSINESS & TRADING

♦ Project

: EVALUATION OF MATERIAL

♦ Product

: EPS CEMENT LIGHT WEIGHT PANEL -

(Thickness 100x2400x2530 mm)

Report No	T	M	Q	2	0	0	1	0	9	6	2	19 th
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Rev.	Date	Description	Prep.	Check	Approved	QM Check.



For Engineering Studies

المركز العربي

Request No. TMQ20010962

19 July 2020

Report No. TMR20050211

Rev.0

Client

: Cini Solutions For Business& Trading

Project

: Evaluation Of Material

Subject

: Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Insulation of EPS

Cement Weight Panel

Dear Sir,

Arab Center for Engineering Studies is pleased to submit this factual report of Acoustic test for EPS Cement light weight panel conducted on 15th of March, 2020.

This report was carried out according to our proposal no. PT20000776 Rev.0 dated February 13th, 2020 and your confirmation for the same with reference no: Signed Quotation dated July 18th, 2020.

This report includes testing methodology, and test results including pictures taken during the acoustic monitoring.

In the event that additional information or clarifications are required, please contact our office at your convenience. We would like to take this opportunity to thank you for your confidence and look forward to be of service to you in the future.

Best Regards,

SINCERELY YOURS
ARAB CENTER FOR ENGINEERING STUDIES

ENG. GHALEB AL-ZUBI

DEPUTY BRANCH MANAGER



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The sound insulation test which includes the measurement of the sound reduction index for **EPS Cement light weight panel** and the full detailed report were undertaken by ACES in accordance with BS EN ISO 10140-2 "Laboratory measurements of airborne sound insulation of building elements" and the procedures are described in clause 6.

The EPS Cement panel system was installed in the opening test and tested in respect for airborne sound insulation. For this purpose, the construction had to be installed in the test opening with the dimensions of 2400 mm width x 2530 mm height with suppressed flanking transmission according to BS EN ISO 10140-5.

Please note that, from these measurements the required results have been derived and are presented in both tabular and graphic form in Appendix A.

2.0 REFERENCE STANDARDS

BS EN ISO 10140-2 Acoustics —Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements Part 2: Measurement of airborne sound insulation

BS EN ISO 10140-5 Acoustics — Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 5: Requirements for test facilities and equipment

BS EN ISO 717-1 Acoustics — rating of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements — Part 1: Airborne sound insulation

3.0 METHODOLOGY

3.1. Airborne Tests

High volume "pink" noise was generated from single loudspeaker in the source room, positioned to obtain a diffuse sound field. A spatial average of the resulting one-third octave band noise levels between 100 Hz and 3150 Hz was obtained by using a moving microphone technique over a minimum period of 15 seconds at each position.

The same measurement procedure was used in the receiver room.

The results of the tests were rated in accordance with BS EN ISO 717-1"Rating of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements. Part 1 "Airborne sound insulation"

3.2. Reverberation Time

Reverberation time measurements were taken following the procedure described below in order to correct the receiver levels for room characteristics.

The source is moved to the receiver room and "pink noise" was generated and stopped instantaneously in order to measure the reverberation time in each of the one- third octave bands between 100 Hz and 3150 Hz. The internal programmer of the analyzer is used to measure the decay time of the sound in the room. This was repeated nine times in the receiving room in order to obtain an average result.

3.3. Background Noise

The background noise levels in the receiving room was measured during the tests and the receiving room levels are corrected in accordance with BS EN ISO 1040-2. The dominant source of background noise observed during the tests was road traffic noise from adjacent roads.

4.0. INSTRUMENTATION

The main details of instrumentation and equipment used during the sound insulation tests are given in Table No.1

Table No.1 - Instruments used during the test

	instruments used during the test			
Instrument	Manufacturer and Type	Serial Numbe		
Sound level meter & analyzer	SVANTEK 979 Sound& analyzer Calibration No: 69414	69414		
Omni-directional mid frequency sound source. (Loudspeaker)	Qsources BVBA Type Qohm	8109B		
Qam Measurement power amplifier.	Qsources BVBA-INFRA	3130		
Pink Noise Source	L, linear output between 45-20000 Hz	3130		
Calibrator	Acoustic Calibrator SV 35A class 1 IEC 60942:2003 Calibration Number: 48982	58074		
Specialist Software	Savan Pc++	Ver. 3.3.0		

5.0 PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

The test sample consists of EPS Cement light weight panel having the physical characteristics stated in the Table No.2

Table No.2 - Physical characteristic of product

Sample Description	Width (m)	Height (m)	Nominal Thickness (mm)	Mass per unit area (analytical determination) (kg/m²)
EPS Cement light weight panel (Thickness 100 mm)	2.400	2.530	100	65

The EPS Cement light weight panel (100 mm thick.) is a green building material, which can be used for commercial, industrial and residential construction. It has density 649 kg per m³.

6.0. MEASUREMENT OF SOUND TRANSMISSION IN ACCORDANCE WITH BS EN ISO 10140-2.

In the laboratory, airborne sound transmission is determined from the difference in sound pressure levels measured across a test sample installed between two reverberant rooms. The difference in measured sound pressure levels is corrected for the amount of absorption in the receiving room. The test is done under conditions which restrict the transmission of sound by paths other than directly through the sample. The source sound field is randomly incident on the sample.

The test sample is located and sealed in an aperture within double wall between the two rectangular reverberant rooms, both of which are constructed from solid block with reinforced concrete floors and roofs. The partition wall has a dimension of 2.4m wide x 2.5m high and 410mm nominal thickness and forms the whole aperture of the common area between the two rooms.

One of the rooms is used as the receiving room and has a volume of 77.5 cubic meters. It is isolated from the surrounding structure and the adjoining room by the use of resilient mountings and seals ensuring good acoustic isolation. The adjoining source room has a volume of 63.3 cubic meters.

Broad band noise is produced in the source room from an electronic generator, power amplifier and loudspeaker. The resulting sound pressure levels in both rooms are sampled using a moving microphone with sweep radius 1 m and connected to a real time analyzer. The signal is filtered into one third octave band widths, integrated and averaged. The value obtained at each frequency is known as the average sound pressure level for either the source or the receiving room.

The change in level across the test sample is termed 95 the sound pressure level difference:

$$D = L1 - L2$$

Where:

D: is the equivalent Sound Pressure level difference in dB

L1: is the equivalent Sound Pressure level in the source room in dB

L2: is the equivalent Sound Pressure level in the receiving room in dB

The Sound Reduction Index (R) also known by the American terminology Sound-Transmission Loss is defined as the number of decibels by which sound energy randomly incident on the test sample is reduced in transmitting through it and is given by the formula:

 $R = D + 10 \log 10 \text{ S/A} \dots$ in decibels

Where:

S: is the area of the sample

A: is the total absorption in the receiving room

The Sound Reduction Index is an expression of the laboratory sound transmission performance of a particular element or construction. It is a function of the mass, thickness, sealing method of mounting etc. and is independent of the overall area of the sample.

However, when an example of this partition is installed on site, the sound insulation obtained will depend upon its surface area, as well as the absorption in the receiving room. The larger area allows to greater sound energy transmitted. Also, the overall sound insulation is affected by the sound transmission through other building elements, some of which may have an inferior performance to the sample tested. In practice, therefore, the potential sound reduction index of a construction is not fully realized on site. Furthermore, the sound reduction index of a particular sample of that construction can only be measured accurately in a laboratory, because only under such controlled conditions can the sound transmission path be limited to the sample under test.

Rw, C and C_{tr} have been calculated in accordance with the relevant section of BS EN ISO 717-1, from the results of laboratory tests carried out in accordance with BS EN ISO 10140-2

7.0 TEST ITEM SETUP AND INSTALLATION

The test element was installed by the builders of the manufacturer for the determination of the airborne sound insulation and this is done using high acoustical materials between sample and borders of separation wall to suppress the flanking and indirect transmission.

8.0. TEST ROOMS AND MEASURING CONDITIONS

All the rooms tested were in a finished state, with doors fitted, walls painted and all sockets installed.

Table No.3 - Details of Lab. Rooms

Test Element	Volume Source Room (m³)	Volume Receiving Room (m³)	Test Area (m²)	Temp.	Relative humidity %
EPS Cement light weight panel (Thickness 100 mm)	63.3	77.5	6.0	24.5	55.8

9.0 RESULTS

9.1 Sound Reduction index,

The sound reduction insulation is determined according to BS EN ISO 10140-2. The single number quantity $R_{\rm w}$ and the corresponding spectrum adaption terms are determined according to EN ISO 717-1.

The results of testing are summarized in the tables below, for airborne tests, the higher the value, the better the performance.

Table No.4 - Result of Sound Reduction Index measurement for EPS PANEL LW

Test Specimen	Mass per unit Area (analytical determination) (kg/m²)	Sound reduction index, R _w	Spectrum adaption terms (C, C _{tr})	Minimum Requirement, Rw
EPS Cement light weight panel (Thickness 100 mm)	65	47	-1,-3	

The sound reduction index R_w per one third octave band from 100HZ to 5000 HZ is shown in tabular form and graphically on graph sheet

10.0 Measurement of flanking transmission for the acoustic laboratory

This is calculated by covering the specimen on both sides with additional flexible layers, by 13 mm gypsum board on a separate frame at a distance which gives a resonance frequency of the system of layer and airspace well below the frequency range of interest. The airspace contains sound-absorbing material. With this measurement W_{Dd} , W_{Df} and W_{Fd} are suppressed.

Table No.5- Determination of flanking transmission

Material	Sample size, m	Spectrum adaption terms (C, C _{tr})	R' w
Specimen covered by 13 mm gypsum board and rock wall material on both sides	2.4x2.5	-1,-3	56

APPENDIX - A

Sound reduction index according to ISO 10140-2 Laboratory measurements of airborne sound insulation between rooms

Client: CINI SOLUTIONS FOR BUSSINESS & TRADING

Date of test: 15-03-2020

Description and identification of the test sample: EPS Cement light weight panel (Thickness 100 mm)

Area S of separating element:

 $6.0 \, \text{m}^2$

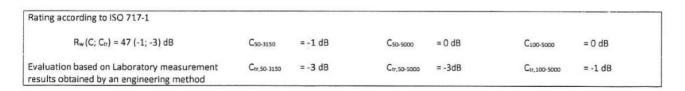
Source room volume:

63.3 m³

Receiving room volume:

77.5 m³

Frequency f Hz	R _w (one-third octave)		70			_	-	Rw Refe Shift				17-1	.)								to th	ne 17-1)		
50	dB 9.1	Apparent sound reduction index, R', dB →					-													1				
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3150	55.0						1	Н	1	2	7	3	4	5	9	∞ ∞	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3150	4000	5000
4000	56.7																		Ero	aua	ncv	f, H	۔ ۔	
5000	57.2																		rie	que	iicy,	1, 11	47	



No. of test report:

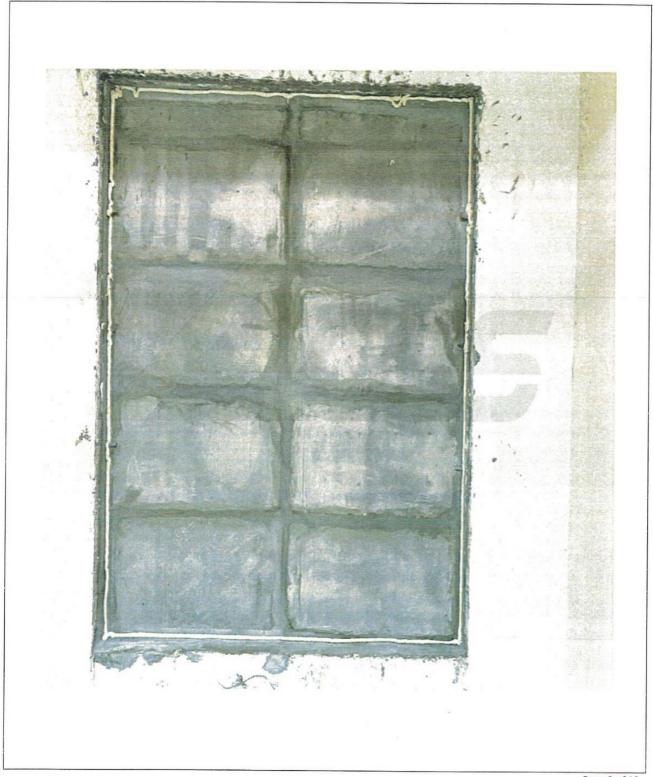
Name of test institute: ACES

Date: 15-03-2020

Signature: Mohamed Jamal

APPENDIX - B

1. Construction and Testing



APPENDIX - C: Calibration Certificate

LEVEL METER (maxico), Range, Low, (Back-light - off). Caldersion factor (electrical - compensated) 6. INTERNAL NOISE LEVEL

A . . . - MATTER BOOK designer 25

Characteristic Level [dB]

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Language (A) Langu

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7. INTERNAL NOISE LEVEL (acoustical - compensated) necessaried with preamplifier SVANTER type SV17 No. 65562 LEVEL METER maction, Characteristic A (Backlight - off)

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VIBRATION LEVEL METER

I. CALIBRATION (electrical)

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OO 2. CALIBRATION (vibrational) LEVEL METER function, Characteristic Rauge Indication [dB] Error [dB]

Calibration increased with the accelerometer DYTRAN type 3185D No. 9073. Calibration factor: 40.3dB LEVEL METER function, Range; High, laport signal 12cdfs.

173 OCTAVE Inaction: Characteristic: HP, Hange High.

3. FREQUENCY RESPONSE (electrical)

43 5 5 5 5 5 5

Characteristic HP1 HP10

Characteristic HP1 HP10

Indication [JH1] 31.3

4. INTERNAL NOISE LEVEL (electrical)



Al Bader Nuclear Gauge & Equipment Service Centre





Vame of Customer:	Arab Center for Engineering Studies (ACES)	Certificate No.	1:070205			
	Industrial Area Zone Vo. 57. Street Vo. 11, Gate Vo. 171	Date of Issue	1145-2914			
	P.O.Box. 44870118, Doha. Qutar	Date of Calibration	m-17. 5110			
		Calibration Due Date	25-17-2120			
Date of Receipt/Ref. No	CLUT 2017 (As per on Site Californion) Service Bequest	No. 2612				
		Identification No.	V5e1.0IQ			
Details of Observation	of Unit Under Calibration	Serial No.	68414			
		Instrument Description	Sound & Vibration Analyses			
Rang	2 5 to 140d3	Visual Inspection	Salisfactory			
Resolutio	n (1/43)	Make/Model	Svantek - SV AN 979			
Accurac	y 1.5 d3	Received Condition	In Tolerance			
Acceptance Criteri	a = 15 dB	Returned Condition In Tolerance				

Results of Calibration

Bange of FT(laput Sound given by sound level calibrator 2.1 kHz in dB	Beading Observed by UUC in dB	Error in dB	±Tolerance in dB	±Uncertainty dB	Resul
\$5 to 140dB	91	94.3	0.3	L3	0.3	Pres
	114	1141	0.1	1.5	0.5	Pre

- Average of manimum five readings are reported.

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- Above deported reading are No hijpstreast. The user should determine the contribility of the device for its intended use.
- These results are obtained as to time of addressive and for the performance applied only said they do not very our amplituation occurs one were stability of materials about a model of the performance applied only said they do not very our amplituation occurs one were stability of materials and one of the performance applied only said they do not very our amplituation occurs one were stability of materials and one of the performance applied only said they do not very our amplituation occurs on the performance applied only said they do not very our amplituation occurs on the performance applied only said they do not very our amplituation occurs on the performance applied only said they do not very our amplituation occurs on the performance applied only said they do not very our applied only the performance applied on the performance a
- The repet any act be reposite of tweet in full, without permission from the laboratory

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- Excertainty of measurement is 50% multidence level in an oversion factor k = 2
- before collection method is a NGOOTE MANAGE.
- territari, Jolerance & Arreptiace Celleria stated as per customer se

	Details Of Reference stands	ards Instrument Used For Calibration
Name	Sound Level Calibrator	Temperature-Humidity
Identification No.	BNGESC SLC 448	BNBGSC/TR/724
Serial No.	H.F.BH	T 36814
Range	94 dB and (14 dB	10 to 60° C . 10 to 20% RH
Resolution	9143	AL CONTRIB
Valid Up to	25 (8-3/3)	3)-09-3010
System Certificate No.	Certificate as. & Trace.	ability of reference standard with international standards
146	Simil Level Cultieror is caldested and accordic to be	erad out Studies design 50 fb (DE) was find Laboratory lendfoute 50,0 (QAM SEAC).
41	ilemedity. Temp Recorder to calibrated and traveable to	a International Standard Council So IEC (For accredited Laboratory Cortificate No. 1) U.S. via de

Calibrated By	Reviewed By	Appened By
Sved Shabbaz Alam		四十三人
Technician	Calibration Engineer	Contraction

Calibration Chart

G.R.A.S. 40AE 1/2" Prepolarized Free-Field Microphone

The 4OAE is a 1/2" precision microphone for general purpose acoustic measurements in the audio-frequency range. The microphone complies with the requirements in IEC Standard 61094 part 4 andcan be used for measurements according to IEC Standard 651 Type O and Type 1

The free-field microphone is designed to essentially measure the sound pressure, as it existed before the microphone was introduced into the sound field. At higher frequencies the presence of the microphone itselfin the sound field will change the sound pressure. In general the sound pressure around the microphone cartridge will increase due to reflections and diffraction. The free-field microphone is designed so that the

Specifications

Nominal Sensitivity : at 250 Hz

50 mV/Pa

Frequency Response:

±1 dB ±2dB

5 Hz - 10 kHz 3.15 Hz - 20 kHz

Dynamic Range:

from 15 dBA re. 20 µPa

to 148 dB re. 20 uPa

Polarization Voltage:

OV

Pistonphone Volume Correction

-0.011 dB

Typical gain with Preamplifier

N

1/2" Preamplifier

Typ. -0,24 dB

1/4" Preamplifier with GROOIO Typ. -0,24 dB

The resulting output of the free-field microphone is a sproportional to the sound pressure, as it existed before microphone was introduced into the sound field. The fo microphone should always be pointed towards the sour ('O' incidence'). In this situation the presence of the mic diaphragm in the sound field will result in apressure inc front of the diaphragm. The microphone is then designs the sensitivity of the microphone decreases with the sa amount as the acoustical pressure increases in front of diaphragm. This is obtained by increasing the internal a damping in the microphone cartridge. The result is an o from the microphone. which is proportional to the sou pressure as it existed before the microphone was intro-

Frequency	Pressure	Free-Field	Frequency	Pressure
[Hz]	(dB)	[dB]	(Hz)	[dB]
250	0.00	0.00	2500	-0.47
280	0.00	0.00	2800	-0.58
315	0.00	0.00	3150	-0.72
355	-0.01	-0.01	3550	-0.91
400	-0.02	-0.02	4000	-1.10
450	-0.05	-0.05	4500	-1.33
500	-0.02	-0.02	5000	-1.57
560	-0.02	0.00	5600	-1.86
630	-0.03	0.00	6300	-2.19
710	-0.04	0.01	7100	-2.58
800	-0.05	0.04	8000	-3.04
900	-0.06	0.06	9000	-3.67
1000	-0.08	0.11	10000	-4.39
1120	-0.10	0.15	11200	-5.25
1250	-0.12	0.15	12500	-5.91
1400	-0.16	0.16	14000	-6.54
1600	-0.20	0.17	16000	-7.47
1800	-0.26	0.18	18000	-8.94
2000	-0.31	0.14	20000	-10.64
2240	-0.38	0.14		

raceability Table Instrument	Model	Serial Number	Traceable To	Calibration Date
Pistonphone	42AP	46344	PTB	19. July 2017
NI data-acquisition signal analyzer	PCI-4461	20500138	DFM	13 June 2016

APPENDIX - D

Acoustic specialist training certificate







CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE

THIS CERTIFIES THAT

Mr. MOHAMMED GAMAL ABDULRADI ALSAYED

HAS SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE TRAININGPROGRAM FOR

Building Acoustic Test

Held on 12-14 June 2018, in Doha - Qatar



SIGNATARE

Middle East Regional Manager Ph.D. Eng. Michel KARROUM

TITLE

14.06.2018 BATE



المركحز المحربي

For Engineering Studies

TEST REPORT ON RESISTANCE TO CROWD PRESSURE TEST OF EPS CEMENT LIGHT WEIGHT PANEL

			Page 1 of 1
ACES Client	CINI SOLUTIONS FOR BUSSINESS & TRADING	Report No.	TMR20050267
Owner	N.P.	Date Reported	19-07-20
PMC	N.P.	Sample No.	TMS20019333
Project Client	N.P.	Request No.	TMQ20010962
Consultant	N.P.	Client Reference	Full Payment in Advance
Contractor	N.P.	Project No.	•
Project Name	Private		·
Sample Description	EPS Cement Light weight Panel	Sample Located By	Supplier's Representative
Sample Source / Supplier	N.P.	Sampled By	Client's Rep.
Sample Location	N.P.	Sampling Date	N/A
IR No.	N.P.	Casting Date	N/A
Lot Size	N.P.	Sampling Method	-
Age of Specimen(Days)	N/A	Sample Size	1 Sample
Test Method	BS 5234-2:1992 Annex G	Sample Brt. In By	N/A
		Date Received	18-07-20
Test Method Var.	Nil	Date Tested	18-07-20
Remarks	Nil	Tested By	Arif

Note: N.P. indicates information not provided by the Client

N/A: Not Applicable

Load No.	Applied Sustained Load	Sustaining Time Duraton (min)	Deflection (mm)	Residual Deflection (mm)	Test Result (As condition of the specimen tested
1	Preload of 200 N	1	-0.16	-0.07	Passed (No Damage or No Crack)
2	0.75 kN/m	2	-0.94	-0.45	Passed (No Damage or No Crack)
3	1.5 kN/m	2	-1.45	-0.14	Passed (No Damage or No Crack)
4	3.0 kN/m	2	-2.93	-0.09	Passed (No Damage or No Crack)
	RS	5 5234-2:1992 Requirem	ent		There shall be no collapse or damage that would render the partition

dangerous, due to any of its parts becoming dislodged or shattered, in a manner that could cause injury.

Remarks :- The test results related only to the specimen(s) tested

- The wall assembly is composed of Column (H-Beam) 150x150x6mm thick; length of 6250mm, Column (H-Beam)100x100x6mm thick; length of 6250mm, 5mm thick C-Channel (100x50; length of 6900mm) and angle bar (50x50x2mm; length of 6900mm).

There is gap 15 mm between the wall panel and column



Eng.Ghaleb Al-Zubi Deputy Branch Manager



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For Engineering Studies

للدراسيات المنتدسيية

TEST REPORT ON PULL DOWN TEST

Page 1	of

			Page I of I
ACES Client	CINI SOLUTIONS FOR BUSSINESS & TRADING	Report No.	TMR20050229
Owner	N.P.	Date Reported	19-07-20
PMC	N.P.	Sample No.	TMS20019333
Project Client	N.P.	Request No.	TMQ20010962
Consultant	N.P.	Client Reference	Full Payment in Advance
Contractor	N.P.	Project No.	-
Project Name	Private		
Sample ID	As Below	Sample Located By	Supplier's Representative
Source	N.P.	Date of Fixing	-
Test Location	N.P.	Date of Testing	18-07-20
Sample Location Coordinates (QND)	N/A		
IR No.	N.P.	Number of Tests	As Below
Test Method	Internal Procedure	Type of Base Material	EPS Cement Light weight Panel
Method Variation	Nil	Ambient Temp. °C	24.7
Apparatus Type	Anchorage with hanging load	Concrete Age	N.P.
Moisture Condition	-	Tested By	Arif
Testing Location	ACES Lab St. 41 Industrial Area	Testing Location Coordinates (QND)	E,221671-N,379307

Note: N.P. indicates information not provided by the Client

N/A: Not Applicable

Test Results:

No.	Sample ID	Maximum Applied Load (kN)	Relative Movement (mm)	Failure Type
1	8 mm dia. Anchor Bolt Embedded on EPS	50	-	No Failure
2	Cement Light weight Panel	50		No Failure

Remarks :The test results related only to the specimen(s) tested.

:This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval from ACES.



Eng. Ghaleb Al-Zubi Deputy Branch Manager







TEST REPORT ON COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF EPS CEMENT LIGHT WEIGHT PANEL

Page 1 of 1

	T		Page 1 of 1
ACES Client	CINI SOLUTIONS FOR BUSSINESS & TRADING	Report No.	TMR20050274
Owner	N.P.	Date Reported	19-07-20
PMC	N.P.	Sample No.	TMS20019333
Project Client	N.P.	Request No.	TMQ20010962
Consultant	N.P.	Client Reference	Full Payment in Advance
Contractor	N.P.	Project No.	-
Project Name	Private		•
Client's Sample Description	EPS Cement Light weight Panel	Sample Located By	Supplier's Rep.
Sample Location	N.P.	Sampled By	Client's Rep.
Sample Location Coordinates (QND)		***************************************	
Source / Supplier	N.P.	Sampling Date	18-07-20
Sample Reference	N.P.	Sampling Cert.	N.P.
IR No	N.P.	Sampling Method	N.P.
Lot. No.	N.P.	Nominal Size	100x100x100 mm
Test Method	BS EN 772-1	Sample Brt. in By	Client's Rep.
Mathod of Variation	Nil	Dated Received	18-07-20
Γested By	Arif	Dated Tested	18-07-20
Test Location	ACES Lab St. 41 Industrial Area	Testing Location Coordinates (QND)	E,221671-N,379307

Note: N.P. indicates information not provided by the Client	N/A: Not Applicable

Spec.		Dimensions (mm)		Max. Load at Failure	Comp. Strength
No.	L	W	T	(kN)	(N/mm^2)
1	100	100	100	30.5	3.05
2	100	100	100	29.6	2.96
3	100	100	100	28.6	2.86
		Average			2.96

Remarks: -The test results related only to the specimen(s) tested

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Eng.Ghaleb Al - Zubi Deputy Branch Manager







المركــز المــربي

For Engineering Studies

للدراسات المندسيية

TEST REPORT ON THERMAL TRANSMISSION PROPERTIES BY MEANS OF THE HEAT FLOW METER APPARATUS

ACES Client	CINI SOLUTIONS FOR BUSSINESS & TRADING	Report No.	TMR20050269
Owner	N.P.	Date Reported	19-07-20
РМС	N.P.	Sample No.	TMS20019333
Project Client	N.P.	Request No.	TMQ20010962
Consultant	N.P.	Client Reference	Full Payment in Advance
Contractor	N.P.	Project No.	
Project Name	Private		
Client's Sample Description	EPS Cement Light weight Panel	Sample Located By	N/A
Source	N.P.	Sampled By	Client's Rep.
Sample Location	N.P.	Sampling Date	18-07-20
Sample Reference	N.P.	Sampling Method	ASTM C518-17
Test Method	ASTM C518-17	Sample Brt. in By	Client's Rep.
Γest Method Var.	Nil	Dated Received	18-07-20
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Note: N.P. indicates information not provided by the Client

N/A: Not Applicable

Test Results:

No.	Sample Dimension as Tested			Mean Temperature	Thermal Conductivity	Thermal Conductance
	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	(°C)	Thermal Conductivity (w/m.k)	(U-Value) (W/m ² .K)
1	300	300	100	25	0.11	1.1

Remarks: -The test results related only to the specimen(s) tested.

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Eng.Ghaleb Al-Zubi Deputy Branch Manager



